## Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

The Capital Markets Company BV

31 March 2025

# BSR&Co.LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Embassy Golf Links Business Park Pebble Beach, B Block, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor No. 13/2, Off Intermediate Ring Road Bengaluru – 560 071, India Telephone + 91 80 4682 3000 Fax + 91 80 4682 3999

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the Board of Directors of The Capital Market Company BV

**Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements** 

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Capital Markets Company BV ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2025, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (collectively referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

#### Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'). This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view

and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing opinion on whether the company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the financial statements made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Other Matter**

As explained in note 2.1(i), these financial statements are prepared for the use by the Company and the Ultimate Holding Company, Wipro Limited, to comply with the requirements of the Act. These financial statements are not the statutory financial statements of the Company. As a result, these financial statements may not be suitable for any other purpose. Our report must not be copied, disclosed, quoted, or referred to, in correspondence or discussion, in whole or in part to anyone other than the purpose for which it has been issued without our prior written consent.

For **B** S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Sd/-Arun Kumar Singh

Partner

Membership No.: 414254

ICAI UDIN: 25414254BOEPAQ8874

Place: Bengaluru Date: 11 June 2025

# The Capital Markets Company BV Balance Sheet

#### (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

	Note	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	3	6
Right-of-use assets	6	753	464
Financial assets			
Investments	7	59,141	38,438
Other financial assets	8	320	<u> </u>
		60,217	38,908
Current Assets			
Financial assets	•	4 245	7.455
Trade receivables	9	1,315	7,155
Unbilled receivables	9A	508	720
Dividend receivables	9B	-	34,790
Cash and cash equivalents	10	38,775	2,178
Loans	11	4,804	15,242
Other financial assets	8	4,389	4,657
Other current assets	12	49,848	498 65,240
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TOTAL ASSETS		110,065	104,148
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	2,020	2,020
Other equity	14	87,863	61,149
		89,883	63,169
Liabilities			_
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Lease liabilities	28	531	348
		531	348
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	16	4,483	14,992
Lease liabilities	28	232	119
Trade payables	17		
i)total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
ii)total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise and		561	199
Other financial liabilities	15	13,989	24,676
Provisions	18	280	538
Other liabilities	19	106	95
Current tax liabilities		- 40.454	12
		19,651	40,631
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		110,065	104,148
Summary of material accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date for B S R & Co. LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of The Capital Markets Company BV

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-Arun Kumar SinghMarcel Du BoisBenjamin SimonPartnerDirectorDirectorMembership No: 414254

Place: BengaluruPlace: BelgiumPlace: New YorkDate: 11 June 2025Date: 11 June 2025Date: 11 June 2025

# The Capital Markets Company BV Statement of Profit and Loss

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
REVENUE			
Revenue from operations	20	6,425	9,897
Other income	21	37,633	39,364
Total income	-	44,058	49,261
EXPENSES			
Employee benefit expense	22	6,373	10,189
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5,6	244	49
Finance costs	23	1,449	1,623
Other expenses	24	36,745	7,535
Total expenses	-	44,811	19,396
(Loss)/ profit before tax		(753)	29,865
Current tax	26	1,691	1,893
Deferred tax		-	-
Tax expense	-	1,691	1,893
(Loss)/ profit for the year	-	(2,444)	27,972
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year	-	(2,444)	27,972
(Loss)/ earning per share (EPS) Basic and dillute (loss)/ earning per share (in EUR)	25	(0.01)	0.06

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date for B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of The Capital Markets Company BV

Simon

Sd/-	Sd/-	Sd/-
Arun Kumar Singh	Marcel Du Bois	Benjamin S
Partner	Director	Director

Membership No: 414254

Place: Bengaluru Place: Belgium Place: New York
Date: 11 June 2025 Date: 11 June 2025 Date: 11 June 2025

#### The Capital Markets Company BV Statement of changes in equity

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

As at

(A) Equity share capital 31 March 2025

As at 31 March 2024

Equity shares issued, subscribed and fully paid
Opening
Closing

No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
434,459,730	2,020	434,459,730	2,020
434,459,730	2,020	434,459,730	2,020

#### (B) Other equity

	Retained earnings	Additional Contribution	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2024	61,149	-	61,149
(Loss) for the year Additional contribution to equity (Refer note 14A)	(2,444)	- 29,158	(2,444) 29,158
Balance as at 31 March 2025	58,705	29,158	87,863

	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2023	33,177	33,177
Profit for the year	27,972	27,972
Balance as at 31 March 2024	61,149	61,149

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date for B S R & Co. LLP **Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of The Capital Markets Company BV

Sd/-

Arun Kumar Singh

**Partner** 

Membership No: 414254

Place: Bengaluru Date: 11 June 2025

Sd/-Sd/-

Benjamin Simon Marcel Du Bois

Director Director

Place: Belgium Place: New York Date: 11 June 2025 Date: 11 June 2025

# The Capital Markets Company BV Statement of cash flows

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
(Loss)/profit before tax Adjustments	(753)	29,865
Depreciation and amortisation expense	244	49
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain) / loss, net	2,037	(131)
Allowances/(write back) for expected credit loss	-	(8)
Dividend income	(34,412)	(36,621)
Impairment of investments	33,523	3,693
Interest income	(1,427)	(1,022)
Interest expense	1,449	1,623
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	661	(2,552)
Adjustments for working capital changes:		
Trade and unbilled receivables	6,052	(4,124)
Effect of foreign exchange gain loss on working capital movement	(2,037)	-
Other financial assets and other assets	955	5,758
Trade payables	362	(63)
Other financial liabilities and other liabilities	(11,740)	6,203
Provisions	(258)	(66)
Net cash generated (used in)/from operations before taxes	(6,005)	5,156
Direct taxes paid	(1,714)	(1,891)
Net cash generated (used in)/from operating activities	(7,719)	3,265
B. Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(2)	(2)
Investment in subsidiaries	(54,226)	-
Proceeds from repayment of loan by fellow subsidiaries	38,292	-
Loan to group companies	(27,854)	(4,255)
Interest received	870	-
Dividend received	69,202	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	26,282	(4,257)
C. Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayment of lease liabilities (Refer note 28)	(231)	(32)
Repayment of inter company borrowings	(12,370)	(975)
Proceeds from additional capital contribution (Refer note 14)	29,158	-
Proceeds from inter company borrowings	1,861	1,763
Interest paid	(384)	-
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	18,034	756
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and Cash equivalents during the year	36,597	(236)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,178	2,414
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 6)	38,775	2,178
The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements		
As per our report of even date		ne Board of Directors of
for B S R & Co. LLP	The Capital Markets Co	mpany BV
Chartered Accountants		
Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022		

Sd/- Arun Kumar Singh Partner Membership No: 414254	Sd/- Marcel Du Bois Director	Sd/- Benjamin Simon Director
Diago, Dangalum	Dia ana Balwin ma	Diagon Novy Voyle

Place: BengaluruPlace: BelgiumPlace: New YorkDate: 11 June 2025Date: 11 June 2025Date: 11 June 2025

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 1 General Information

The Capital Markets Company BV (Registration No: BE0463.785.605) is a subsidiary of Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l., incorporated and domiciled in Belgium. The address of the company is De kleetlaan 6A 1831 Machelen (Brussels). The Company is provider of IT Services, including Business Process Services (BPS) services, globally and IT Products.. The functional currency of the Company is EUR. The Company's ultimate holding company, Wipro Limited ("Wipro") is incorporated and domiciled in India.

#### 2 Material Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

#### (i) Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

These financial statements of The Capital Markets Company BV comprises the balance sheets as at 31 March 2025; the statement of profit and loss(including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flow and a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended 31 March 2025, and other additional financial disclosures.

These financial statements are prepared for inclusion in the annual report of the Ultimate Holding Company (Wipro limited) under the requirements of section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") as applicable to Wipro Limited. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, these are not the statutory financial statements of the Company.

The investment in subsidiaries is considered as a long term investment and carried at cost, less impairment, if any.

#### (ii) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on an accrual basis.

#### (iii) Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

#### 2.2 Financial instruments

#### Non-derivative financial instruments:

#### Non derivative financial instruments consist of:

- financial assets ,which includes cash and cash equivalents,trade receivables and eligible current and non current asset;
- finacial liabilities, which includes trade payables, eligible current and non current liabilities.

These financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Financial assets are derecognised when substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset has been transferred. In cases where substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are neither transferred or retained, financial asset are de-recognised only when the Company has not retained control over the financial asset.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

Subsequent to initial recognition, non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below:

#### A. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft.

#### B. Other financial assets

Other financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. These comprise trade receivables and other assets.

#### C. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For these financial Instruments, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

#### 2.3 Revenue recognition

The Company derives revenue primarily from software development, maintenance of software/hardware and related services, business process services, sale of IT and other products.

#### Services:

The Company recognizes revenue when the significant terms of the arrangement are enforceable, services have been delivered and the collectability is reasonably assured. The method of recognizing the revenues and costs depends on the nature of the services rendered.

#### A Time and material contracts

Revenues and costs relating to time and material contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### B Fixed-price contracts

Revenues from fixed-price contracts, including systems development and integration contracts are recognized using the "percentage-of-completion" method. Percentage of completion is determined based on project costs incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated project costs required to complete the project. The cost expended (or input) method has been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. If the Company does not have a sufficient basis to measure the progress of completion or to estimate the total contract revenues and costs, revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract cost incurred for which recoverability is probable. When total cost estimates exceed revenues in an arrangement, the estimated losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current contract estimates.

A contract asset is a right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets primarily relate to unbilled amounts on fixed-price development contracts and are classified as non-financial asset as the contractual right to consideration is dependent on completion of contractual milestones. A contract liability is an entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration (or the amount is due) from the customer.

Unbilled receivables on other than fixed-price development contracts are classified as a financial asset where the right to consideration is unconditional and only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### C Maintenance contracts

Revenue from maintenance contracts is recognized rateably over the period of the contract using the percentage of completion method. When services are performed through an indefinite number of repetitive acts over a specified period of time, revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the specified period unless some other method better represents the stage of completion.

In certain projects, a fixed quantum of service or output units is agreed at a fixed price for a fixed term. In such contracts, revenue is recognized with respect to the actual output achieved till date as a percentage of total contractual output. Any residual service unutilized by the customer is recognized as revenue on completion of the term.

Revenue recognition is done on straight line basis over the term of performance obligation using the output method (with respect to time).

#### D Others

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers by reducing the amount of revenue recognized at the time of sale. The Company accrues the estimated cost of warranties at the time when the revenue is recognized. The accruals are based on the Company's historical experience of material usage and service delivery costs. Costs that relate directly to a contract and incurred in securing a contract are recognized as an asset and amortized over the contract term.

Contract expenses are recognised as expenses by reference to the stage of completion of contract activity at the end of the reporting period.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### E Other income

Interest is recognized using the time proportion method, based on the rates implicit in the transaction.

Royalty income is recognized as revenue when earned, based on contractual terms with users.

## 2.4 Property, plant and equipment

#### A Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost.

#### B Depreciation

The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a straight-line basis from the date the assets are available for use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of estimated useful life of the asset or the related lease term. Term licenses are amortized over their respective contract term. Freehold land is not depreciated. The estimated useful life of assets are reviewed and where appropriate are adjusted, annually. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Category	Useful life
Plant and machinery	3 to 5 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 7 years
Computer including software	2 to 5 years
Office Equipment	3 to 5 years

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of property, plant and equipment not available for use before each reporting date are disclosed under capital work- in-progress. Deposits and advances paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date are shown as capital advances under the head of other non-current assets.

Softwares which are embedded to tangible assets are classified as computer equipment in property, plant and equipment.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 2.5 Foreign currency transactions and translations

#### Functional currency

The functional currency of the Company is Euro. These financial statements are presented in thousands in Euro.

#### **Transaction**

The Company is exposed to currency fluctuations on foreign currency transactions. Foreign currency transactions are accounted in the books of account at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities at period-end are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of balance sheet. The exchange difference between the rate at which foreign currency transactions are accounted and the rate at which they are re-measured/ realized is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

## 2.6 Employee benefits

#### Defined benefit plans and compensated

The cost of the defined benefit plans, compensated absences and the present value of the defined benefit obligations are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The Company recognizes actuarial gains and losses immediately in the statement of profit and loss account.

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilized accumulating compensated absences and utilize it in future periods or receive cash at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increases this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absences as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the end of the reporting period. Non-accumulating compensated absences are recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

#### Pension and social contribution

Pension and social contribution plan, a defined contribution scheme, the Company makes monthly contributions based on a specified percentage of each covered employee's salary.

#### Defined benefit plans and compensated absences:

The cost of the defined benefit plans, compensated absences and the present value of the defined benefit obligations are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 2.7 Taxes

Income tax comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

#### Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the period end date. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 2.8 Leases

The Company enters into an arrangement for lease of land, buildings, plant and equipment including computer equipment and vehicles. Such arrangements are generally for a fixed period but may have extension or termination options. The Company assesses, whether the contract is, or contains, a lease, at its inception. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to:

- (a) control use of an identified asset,
- (b) obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the identified asset, and
- (c) direct the use of the identified asset.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### Leases (continued)

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with periods covered by an option to extend the lease, where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. The Company at the commencement of the lease contract recognises a RoU asset at cost and corresponding lease liability, except for leases with term of less than twelve months (short-term leases) and low-value assets. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The cost of the RoU assets comprises the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the inception date of the lease plus any initial direct costs, less any lease incentives received. Subsequently, the RoU assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The RoU assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of RoU assets. The estimated useful lives of RoU assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment.

The Company applies Ind AS 36 to determine whether a RoU asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the impairment of non financial assets below. For lease liabilities at the commencement of the lease, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate is readily determined, if that rate is not readily determined, the lease payments are discounted using the incremental borrowing rate that the Company would have to pay to borrow funds, including the consideration of factors such as the nature of the asset and location, collateral, market terms and conditions, as applicable in a similar economic environment.

After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. The Company recognises the amount of the re measurement of lease liability as an adjustment to the RoU assets. Where the carrying amount of the RoU asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognises any remaining amount of the re measurement in consolidated statement of profit and loss.Lease liability payments are classified as cash used in financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

#### 2.9 <u>Cash flow statement</u>

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby net profits before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

#### 2.10 Equity and share capital

#### (a) Share capital

The authorized share capital of the Company as of 31 March 2025 is EUR 2,020,000 divided into 434,459,730 shares.

The voting right of an equity share holder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to his/its share of the paid-up equity. Voting right cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presentably payable has not been paid. Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to their forfeiture.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### (b) Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

The Holding Company has made the additional contribution without receiving any shares of the Company treated as "Additional Contribution" under other equity.

#### 2.11 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for treasury shares held. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of equity and dilutive equivalent shares outstanding during the period, using the treasury stock method for options and warrants, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

#### 2.12 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

The Company records a provision for decommissioning costs. Decommissioning costs are provided at the present value of expected costs to settle the obligation using estimated cash flows and are recognized as part of the cost of the particular asset. The cash flows are discounted at a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the decommissioning liability. The unwinding of the discount is expensed as incurred and recognized in the statement of profit and loss as a finance cost. The estimated future costs of decommissioning are reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate. Changes in the estimated future costs or in the discount rate applied are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 2.13 Employee stock option

Certain employees of the Company are covered under the share based compensation plans of the ultimate holding company. These plans are assessed, managed and administered by the ultimate holding company. The ultimate holding company recharges to the Company such compensation costs which has been disclosed as "Share based compensation charge" in the statement of profit and loss under Note 16 on "Employee benefit expenses".

Employees covered under Stock Option Plans and Restricted Stock Unit ("RSU") Option Plans (collectively "Stock Option Plans") are granted an option to purchase shares of the Company at the respective exercise prices, subject to requirements of vesting conditions. These options generally vest in tranches over a period of two to three years from the date of grant. Upon vesting, the employees can acquire one equity share for every option.

The company grants the Participant RSUs and Performance linked RSU's as per ADS Restricted Stock Unit Plan, 2004 which give the Participant the right to purchase that number of Shares set forth in the Notice of Grant, at the per Share purchase price set forth in the Notice of Grant. The intrinsic value for these RSU's is calculated based on the share price on the date on acceptance of the plan.

#### 3 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

#### 3.1 Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the period end date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### (a) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Company neither have any taxable temporary difference nor any tax planning opportunities available that could partly support the recognition of these losses as deferred tax assets. On this basis, the Company has determined that it cannot recognize deferred tax assets on the tax losses carried forward except for the unabsorbed depreciation.

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 4 Recent pronouncements:

On May 07, 2025, The Ministry of Corporate Affairs notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2025, which amended Ind AS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, to specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2025. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Standalone Financial Statements.

## Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 5 Property, plant and equipment

	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Office equipment	Total
Gross carrying value					
Balance as at 1 April 2024	58	147	1,679	16	1,900
Additions	-		2	-	2
Disposals	-	(144)		-	(144)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	58	3	1,681	16	1,758
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at 1 April 2024	(58)	(145)	(1,675)	(16)	(1,894)
Depreciation charge	-	-	(5)	-	(5)
Disposals	-	144	-	-	144
Balance as at 31 March 2025	(58)	(1)	(1,680)	(16)	(1,755)
Net carrying value					
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	2	1	-	3

	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Office equipment	Total
Gross carrying value					
Balance as at 1 April 2023	58	145	1,716	16	1,935
Additions	-	2		-	2
Disposals/adjustment	-	-	(37)	-	(37)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	58	147	1,679	16	1,900
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at 1 April 2023	(58)	(145)	(1,702)	(16)	(1,921)
Depreciation charge	-	-	(10)		(10)
Disposals/adjustment	-	-	37	-	37
Balance as at 31 March 2024	(58)	(145)	(1,675)	(16)	(1,894)
Net carrying value					
Balance as at 31 March 2024	-	2	4	-	6

<sup>5(</sup>a) There is Nil balance in Capital work in progress at 31 March 2025 (PY: Nil).

## Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

## 6 Right-of-use assets

Particulars	Vehicles	Total	
Gross carrying value			
Balance as at 1 April 2024	606	606	
Additions	860	860	
Disposals	(405)	(405)	
Balance as at 31 March 2025	1,061	1,061	
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 1 April 2024	(142)	(142)	
Depreciation	(239)	(239)	
Disposals	73	73	
Balance as at 31 March 2025	(308)	(308)	
Net carrying value			
Balance as at 31 March 2025	753	753	
Particulars	Vehicles	Total	
Gross carrying value			
Balance as at 1 April 2023	108	108	
Additions	498	498	
Disposals	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	606	606	
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at 1 April 2023	(103)	(103)	
Depreciation	(39)	(39)	
Disposals	-	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	(142)	(142)	
Balance as at 31 March 2024  Net carrying value		(142)	
	(142)	(142	

## The Capital Markets Company BV Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 7 Investments

As at As at 31 March 2025 31 March 2024

Non- Current

Investment in equity instrument designated as at fair value through amortized cost (fully paid) Unquoted equity shares - Refer Note 1 below

38,438 59,141 59,141 38,438

Aggregate book value of: Quoted investments Unquoted investments

59.141 38.438

#### Note 1:

11000 1.	
Name	Percentage of Holding as on 31 March 2025
CapAfric Consulting Proprietary Limited	100%
Capco Belgium BV	100%
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	100%
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	100%
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	100%
Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	100%
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	100%
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	100%
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	100%
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	99%
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	100%
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	100%
Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	99%
The Capital Markets Company Slovakia, s. r. o.	85%

of subsidiaries (fully paid u

			No of Units	No of Units	Balances	as at 31 March 20	025	Balar	nces as at 31 Mar	ch 2024
Name of the subsidiary	Currency	Face Value	as on 31-3-	as on 31-3-				Gross		
			2025	2024	Gross Value	Impairment	Net Value	Value	Impairment	Net Value
Capco Belgium BV	EUR	EUR 500	100	100	33	-	33	33	-	33
CapAfric Consulting Proprietary Limited#	EUR	ZAR 1	120	120	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	EUR	MYR 11.21, MYR 1	11,813,751	1,000,001	2,257	-	2,257	-	-	-
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	EUR	SGD 4.58	100,040	100,001	10,156	10,156	-	225	225	-
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	EUR	EUR 10	458,700	458,700	4,587	-	4,587	4,587	3,468	1,119
Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	EUR	PLN 50	100	100	1	-	1	1	-	1
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	EUR	GBP 1	9,727,917	1	41,958	-	41,958	30,540	-	30,540
The Capital Markets Company BV^	EUR	EUR 1	18,000	18,000	18	18	-	18	-	18
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	EUR	EUR 25000	1	1	26,237	26,237	1	19,953	19,953	-
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	EUR	HKD 1	132,430,099	100	15,360	15,360	-	-	-	-
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	EUR	CHF 100	200	200	5,398	5,398	-	12	-	12
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	EUR	EUR 37	1,000	1,000	6,710	-	6,710	6,711	-	6,711
Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	EUR	THB 100	1,372,397	53,900	3,591	-	3,591	-	-	-
The Capital Markets Company Slovakia, s. r. o.	EUR	*	*	*	4	-	4	4	-	4
Total					116,310	57,169	59,141	62,084	23,646	38,438

<sup>\*</sup> As per local laws, there is no concept of issuance of share certificate. Hence the investment by the company is considered as equity contribution.

<sup>#</sup>The rounded amount is less than Euro 1.
^ Liquidated during the year

The Capital Markets Company BV

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

		As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
8	Other financial assets		
	Non-current		
	Other receivable	320	-
		320	-
	Current		-
	Other receivable from related parties (Refer Note 29)	3,812	4,658
	Security Deposit	20	,
	Interest receivable from group companies (Refer Note 29)	557	_
	interest receivable from group companies (Nere) Note 27)	4,389	4,658
9	Trade receivables Unsecured Considered good	1,315	7,155
		1,315	
	Further classified as:		
	Receivable from related parties (Refer Note 29)	1,048	6,908
	Receivable from others	267	
9A	Unbilled receivables Unsecured Contributed good	508	720
	Considered good		
		508	720

The below table for aging includes aging for trade receivables other than related parties:

The following table represent ageing of trac	ue receivable	s as on 31 March 2023	)				
Particulars	Unbilled	Outstanding for	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31 March 2025				
Particulars	Revenue	Less than	6 months -			More than 3	
		6 months	1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	years	Total
(i) Undisputed trade receivables -							
considered good	508	267		-	-	-	775
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which							
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit							
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables-considered							
good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - which							
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - credit							
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	508	267		-	-	-	775

The following table represent ageing of trace	de receivable	s as on 31 March 2022					
Do sti su la sa	Unbilled	Outstanding for	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31 March 2024				
Particulars	Revenue	Less than	6 months -			More than 3	
		6 months	1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	years	Total
(i) Undisputed trade receivables -							
considered good	720	247	-	-	-	-	967
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which							
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit							
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables -							
considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - which							
have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - credit							
impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	720	247	-	-	-	-	967

9B	Dividend receivable	-	-
	Receivable from related parties (Refer Note 29)	-	34,790
		-	34,790
10	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Balances with banks		
	- in current account	20,257	2,178
	Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	18,518	_
		38,775	2,178

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 11 Loans

Current

Loans to fellow subsidiaries 4,804 15,242 4,804 15,242

\* The unsecured loans are given to related parties (Refer Note 29) and receivable on demand. The interest rate on Inter company loans ranges between 3.86% to 5.44%

The following table represents nature of borrowings:

Particulars	Nature	Terms and Conditions	Interest rate	-	-
Promissory Note issued to related parties	Short Term	Repayable on demand	3.86% to 5.44%	4,617	14,238
Intercompany Loan	Short Term	Repayable on demand	3.86% to 5.44%	187	1,004

#### 12 Other assets

Current

GST, TDS recoverable	-	149
Prepaid expenses	46	41
Advance tax (net of provisions for tax)	11	-
Other receivable	-	308
	57	108

13	Share capital	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	Authorised		
	Equity share capital	2,020	2,020
		2,020	2,020
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up		
	434,459,730 shares	2,020	2,020
		2,020	2,020

a) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

3	As at 1 March 2025	3	As at 1 March 2024
	Number of shares		Number of shares
	434,459,730		434,459,730
	-		-
	434,459,730		434,459,730

29,158

#### Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares (b)

Outstanding at the beginning of the year

Add: Issued during the year Outstanding at the end of the year

Equity Shares: The Company has only one class of equity shares. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. Dividend if any declared is payable in EUR. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Shares held by holding Company/ultimate holding Company and/ or their subsidiaries/ associates

	As at 31 Mar	ch 2025	As at 31 Ma	arch 2024
	Number of shares	% of holding in	Number of	% of holding in
	Number of shares	the class	shares	the class
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l. , the holding Company	434,459,730	100	434,459,730	100
	434,459,730	100	434,459,730	100

d) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	As at 31 Mar	ch 2025	As at 31 M	arch 2024
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l. , the holding Company	434,459,730	100	434,459,730	100
	434,459,730	100	434,459,730	100

- No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the e) current period end.
- f) No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current period end.

#### 14 Other equity As at As at 31 March 2025 a) Additional contribution to equity

Opening balance

Add: Additions made during the year

Closing balance	29,136	
The Holding company has infused the funds by way of additional contribution without issuing equity shares which was approved in	extraordinary general meeting	g
held on 24 August 2024.		

The Capital Markets Company BV

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025
(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

b)	Retained Earnings					
	Opening balance				61,149	33,177
	Add: Profit for the year				(2,444)	27,972
	Closing balance				58,705	61,149
	Other Equity Total				87,863	61,149
					As at	As at
15	Other financial liabilities				31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Current					
	Accrued salaries and bonus				821	657
	Payable to related parties (Refer Note 29)				12,104	24,019
	Interest payable to group companies				1,064	-
					13,989	24,676
16	Borrowings Current Loans payable on demand(unsecured)*				4,483	14,992
					4,483	14,992
	* The unsecured loans are taken from relat The interest rate on Inter company loans r The following table represents nature of b	anges between	3.86% to 5.44%			
					As at	As at
	Particulars	Nature	Terms and Conditions	Interest rate	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Promissory Note	Short Term	Repayable on demand	3.86% to 5.44%	1,432	10,462
	Intercompany Loan	Short Term	Repayable on demand	3.86% to 5.44%	3,051	4,530
17	Trade payables					
	i)Total outstanding dues to micro, small a				-	-
	ii)Total outstanding dues to creditors othe	r than micro, s	mall and medium enterprises		561	199
					561	199

The following table represent ageing of trade payables as on 31 March 2025

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31 March 2025						
Particulars	Unbilled	Less than	6 months -		r payment as ac	More than 3	
	dues	6 months	1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	560		1	-	-	561
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

The following table represent ageing of trade payables as on 31 March 2024  $\,$ 

	Unbilled	Outstanding for	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment as at 31 March 2024				
Particulars		Less than	6 months -			More than 3	
	dues	6 months	1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	years	Total
(i) MSME	-		-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	165	34	-	-	-	199
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-		-	-	-	i

	(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-		-	-	-	-	-
18	Provisions Current							
	Employee benefit obligations						280	538
							280	538
19	Other liabilities Current							
	Statutory liabilities						106	95
							106	95

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
20 Revenue from operations		
Rendering of Services	6,425	9,897
	6,425	9,897
* The amount includes related party transactions. Refer Note 29		
Revenue by nature of contract		
Fixed Price and Volume Based	128	-
Time and Material	6,297	9,897
	6,425	9,897

The Company believes that the above disaggregation best depicts the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows from economic factors.

#### Contract asset and liabilities

The Company classifies its right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or a contract asset.

A contract asset is a right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets primarily relate to unbilled amounts on fixed-price development contracts and are classified as non-financial asset as the contractual right to consideration is dependent on completion of contractual milestones.

A contract liability is an entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration (or the amount is due) from the customer. A contract asset is a right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets primarily relate to unbilled amounts on fixed-price development contracts and are classified as non-financial asset as the contractual right to consideration is dependent on completion of contractual milestones.

A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional. A right to consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. For example, the Company recognises a receivable for revenues related to time and materials contracts or volume based contracts. The Company presents such receivables as part of unbilled receivables at their net estimated realisable value. The same is tested for impairment as per the guidance in Ind AS 109 using expected credit loss method.

Contract assets: During the year ended March 31, 2025, none of contract assets pertaining to fixed-price development contracts have been reclassified to receivables on completion of milestones.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, none of contract assets pertaining to fixed price development contracts had been reclassified to receivables on completion of milestones.

Contract liabilities: During the year ended March 31, 2025, the Company has not recognised any revenue arising from contract liabilities as at March 31, 2024 (Previous year revenue recognised- EUR 1).

#### **Remaining Performance Obligations**

Revenue allocated to remaining performance obligations represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized, which includes contract liabilities and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods. Applying the practical expedient, the Company has not disclosed:

- a) its right to consideration from customers in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Company's performance completed to date, which are contracts invoiced on time and material basis and volume based.
- b) performance obligations in a contract that originally had a contract term of one year or less.

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
21 Other income		
Interest income *	1,427	1,022
Foreign exchange gain, net	-	134
Dividend income	34,412	36,621
Royalty income*	1,794	1,256
Write back of expected credit loss	-	8
Other Income	-	323
* The amount includes related party transactions. Refer Note 29	37,633	39,364
22 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and wages	6,268	10,049
Share based compensation (Refer Note 27)	90	123
Staff welfare expenses	15	17
	6,373	10,189
23 Finance cost		
Interest on borrowings*	1,418	1,618
Interest on leases (Refer Note 28)	31	5
	1,449	1,623
* The amount includes related party transactions. Refer Note 29		.,
24 Other expenses		
Impairment of investments	33,523	3,693
Sub contracting and technical fees	788	3,231
Bank charges	28	24
Facility expenses	164	133
Legal and professional charges	430	354
Rates and Taxes	=	26
Travel	116	-
Foreign exchange loss, net	2,037	-
Allocation of overheads from/(to) group companies*	(355)	-
Communication	27	46
Miscellaneous expenses	(13)	28
	36,745	7,535
* The amount includes related party transactions. Refer Note 29		

#### 25 Earning per share (EPS)

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss for the period attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Profit attributable to equity holders	(2,444)	27,972
Less: preference dividend after-tax	-	-
Profit attributable to equity holders after preference dividend	(2,444)	27,972
Add: Interest on convertible preference shares	=	-
Profit attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilut	(2,444)	27,972
Weighted average number of equity shares - for basic and diluted	434,460	434,460
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted (in EUR)	(0.01)	0.06

# Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

26 Current tax	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Income tax expense		
Current tax	1,691	1,893
Deferred tax	· -	-
Total income taxes	1,691	1,893
Profit before taxation	(753)	29,865
Enacted income tax rate	25%	25%
Computed expected tax expenses	(188)	7,466
Tax effect of		
Dividend income not taxable	(8,603)	(9,155)
Impairment of investment not deductible	8,381	923
Deferred tax asset not recognised on carried forward		
tax losses due lack of reasonable certainty	411	696
Benefit in kind	-	69
Minimum tax	15	15
Withholding tax written off	1,676	1,866
Others	-	13
Income tax expense	1,691	1,893

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can use the benefits there from.

	Expiry	As at	As at
	Period	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Tax Losses - Gross amount	Indefinite	100.388	101,889

#### Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 27 Employee stock option

Name of Plan	Number of options reserved under the plan	Range of exercise price
Wipro ADS Restricted Stock Unit Plan (ADS Restricted Stock Unit Plan, 2004) *	30,592	US \$ 0.03
Wipro ADS Performance Linked Restricted Stock Unit Plan (ADS Restricted Stock Unit Plan, 2004) *	17,691	US \$ 0.03

<sup>\*</sup> The maximum contractual term for these Stock Option Plans and RSU Option Plans is perpetual until the options are available for grant under the plan.

Employees covered under Stock Option Plans and Restricted Stock Unit ("RSU") Option Plans (collectively "Stock Option Plans") are granted an option to purchase shares of Wipro Limited at the respective exercise prices, subject to requirements of vesting conditions. These options generally vest in tranches over a period of one to three years from the date of grant. Upon vesting, the employees can acquire one equity share for every option.

The stock compensation expense recognised for employee services received during the year ended 31 March 2025 was EUR 90 and for the year ended 31 March 2024 was EUR 123.

The activity in equity-settled stock option plans and restricted stock unit option plan is summarised below:

	Range of exercise price and	For the	For the
	Weighted average exercise price	year ended	year ended
		31 March	31 March
		2025	2024
		Number of	Number of
		options	options
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	US \$ 0.03	43,865	35,483
Granted	US \$ 0.03	11,174	27,485
Exercised		58,639	38,421
Modification		53,578	64,445
Adjustment of Performance based stock options on			
completion of performance measurement period	US \$ 0.03	585	15,574
Forfeited and expired		1,110	29,553
Outstanding at the end of the year	US \$ 0.03	48,283	43,865
Exercisable at the end of the year		-	699

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 28 Leases

i) The carrying amount of lease liability recognised and the movements during the year /period  $\,$ 

	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening Balance	467	1
Add: Additions	860	498
Less: Disposals	(333)	-
Less: Repayments	(231)	(32)
Closing Balance	764	467
Current	232	119
Non Current	531	348
Total	764	467

ii) The following are the amounts recongnised in statement of profit and loss:

,	For the year	For the year ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Interest on lease liabilities	31	5
Depreciation on ROU assets	239	39

iii) Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows

in) Amounts recognised in the statement of easi flows			
	For the year	For the year	
	ended 31 March	ended 31 March	
	2025	2024	
Cash payments for principal portion of lease liability	200	27	
Cash payments for interest portion of lease liability	31	5	

	For the year	For the year
	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2025	2024
Not later than 1 year	232	134
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	531	366
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	764	500

#### 29 Related party disclosures

#### a) Parties where control exists:

Ultimate holding Company and Holding Company

<u>Name</u>	Relationship	Country of Incorporation
Wipro Limited	Ultimate Holding company	India
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	Holding Company	Luxembourg

#### Others

Others		
<u>Name</u>	Relationship	Country of Incorporation
ATOM Solutions LLC**	Subsidiary	US
Capco Belgium BV	Subsidiary	Belgium
The Capital Markets Company BV (Netherlands)*	Subsidiary	Netherlands
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	Subsidiary	Germany
Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	Subsidiary	Poland
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	Subsidiary	France
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	Subsidiary	Switzerland
The Capital Markets Company Slovakia, s. r. o.	Subsidiary	Slovakia
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	Subsidiary	UK
The Capital Markets Company Limited	Subsidiary	Canada
The Capital Markets Company Limited	Subsidiary	Hong Kong
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Subsidiary	Malaysia
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	Subsidiary	Singapore
Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	Subsidiary	Thailand
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	Subsidiary	Greece
Wipro IT Services UK Societas	Fellow Subsidiaries	UK
Cardinal US Holdings Inc	Fellow Subsidiaries	US
Capco RISC Consulting LLC	Fellow Subsidiaries	US
Capco Consulting Services LLC	Fellow Subsidiaries	US
The Capital Markets Company LLC	Fellow Subsidiaries	US
Capco Austria GmbH	Fellow Subsidiaries	Austria
The Capital Market Co Italy SL	Fellow Subsidiaries	Italy
Capco Solution Services Gmbh	Fellow Subsidiaries	Germany
* Liquidated with effect from 21 Nov, 2024		

<sup>\*\*</sup> Liquidated with effect from 23 Oct, 2024

# The Capital Markets Company BV Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### b) The Company has the following related party transactions:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 <u>March 2025</u>	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Sale of services		
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	2	
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	377	
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd		1,740
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	58	` '
The Capital Market Co Italy SL		111
Sub contracting and technical fees The Capital Markets Company GmbH		3
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	- 585	
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	26	,
	20	(271)
Royalty income The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	1,794	1,256
	1,771	1,230
Share based compensation		
Wipro Limited	90	123
Allocation of overheads from group companies (Income)		
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	355	-
Dividend Income The Grain Health Consequence in the defendance of the desired (Consequence)	22.54	24 424
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	33,511	
The Capital Markets Company BV (Netherlands)	901	-
Interest income	34.4	
Wipro IT Services UK Societas The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	364 157	
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)  The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	207	
The Capital Markets Company Slovakia, s. r. o.	165	
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	12	
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	32	
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	14	
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.		2
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	11	4
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	22	43
The Capital Markets Company BV (Netherlands)	13	30
Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	18	39
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	80	56
Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	1	3
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	132	
Capco Solution Services Gmbh	20	
Capco Austria GmbH	38	
The Capital Market Co Italy SL	39	23
Interest expense		
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	321	
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	1	
The Capital Markets Company BV (Netherlands)	25	
Capco Consulting Services LLC The Capital Markets Company LLC	97	
The Capital Markets Company LLC	298	
Capco RISC Consulting LLC Capco Austria GmbH	60	
Capco Belgium BV	18 52	
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	52 150	
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	130	
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	8	
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	137	
	137	200

# The Capital Markets Company BV Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

Additional contribution made by during the year		
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l. *	29,158	-
Investments made during the year		
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	2,257	-
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	9,931	-
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	11,418	-
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	6,284	-
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	15,360	-
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	5,386	-
Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	3,591	-
Loans to Holding company/Subsidiaries/Fellow Subsidiaries:		
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	1,114	174
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	-	497
Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	-	43
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	2,600	1,176
Wipro IT Services UK Societas	23,000	
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	-	462
Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	-	3
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	40	150
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	-	222
Capco Solution Services Gmbh	200	477
The Capital Market Co Italy SL	900	1,053
Borrowings from Subsidiaries/Fellow Subsidiaries:		
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	_	284
Capco Consulting Services LLC	_	232
Capco RISC Consulting LLC	_	142
Cardinal US Holdings Inc	_	11
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	_	303
The Capital Markets Company LLC	3	315
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	3	313
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	1,857	478
	,,,,,	
Repayment of loan by Subsidiaries/Fellow Subsidiaries:	E 040	
The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	5,040	-
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	222 9	-
Wipro IT Services UK Societas		
Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	23,000	
The Capital Market Co Italy SL	1,087	-
Capco Solution Services Gmbh	1,053	
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	677	
Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	4,859 1,008	-
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	1,337	-
	1,337	-
Repayment of borrowings to Subsidiaries/Fellow Subsidiaries:		
The Capital Markets Company BV	1,414	19
The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	6,846	
Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	-	32
The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	2,800	-
The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	468	
The Capital Markets Company GmbH	-	1
Capco Belgium BV	-	812
The Capital Markets Company Slovakia, s. r. o.	-	11
Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	-	
Capco Consulting Services LLC	536	
Capco RISC Consulting LLC	294	
Cardinal US Holdings Inc	12	
ATOM Solutions LLC	-	12
Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	-	88

#### Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### c) Balances with related parties as at period end are summarised below:

c)	Balances with related parties as at period end are summarised below:		
	Balances other than loans :	As at	As at
i)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31 March	31 March 2024
	Other financial liabilities		
	Wipro Limited	17	97
	The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	5,641	9,633
	Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	-	450
	Capco Consulting Services LLC	-	3,739
	Capco RISC Consulting LLC	-	2,294
	Capco Austria GmbH	224	807
	Capco Belgium BV	1,562	1,572
	The Capital Markets Company GmbH	584	1,224
	The Capital Markets Company LLC	4,064	4,064
	The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	12	139
	Other financial assets The Control Manual Company Standard Company Standar	2.040	4 202
	The Capital Markets Company Slovakia, s. r. o.	3,869	4,202
	The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	157	426
	The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	12	19
	The Capital Markets Company BV	-	11
	Capco Austria GmbH	2	-
	Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	62	-
	The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	207	-
	Capco Solution Services Gmbh	2	-
	Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	27	-
	The Capital Market Co Italy SL	18	-
	Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	11	-
	Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	2	-
	Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	1	_
	Trade receivables		
	The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	35	610
	The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	330	3,187
	The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	617	909
	Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	35	35
	The Capital Markets Company LLC	15	15
	The Capital Markets Company BV	-	659
	Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	-	79
	Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	_	55
	The Capital Markets Company GmbH	2	1
	Capco Greece Single Member Private Company		1,179
	The Capital Market Co Italy SL		111
	Capco Solution Services Gmbh		50
	Wipro Limited	14	18
	mpro Limited	14	10
	<u>Dividend receivables</u>		
	The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	-	34,790
ii)	Loan and borrowings:		
,			
	Borrowings:		
	The Capital Markets Company LLC	1,616	1,613
	The Capital Markets Company Limited (Canada)	2,867	1,477
	The Capital Markets Company BV	-	1,414
	The Capital Markets Company S.A.S.	-	2,800
	The Capital Markets Company S.a.r.l.	-	6,846
	Capco Consulting Services LLC	-	536
	Capco RISC Consulting LLC	-	294
	Cardinal US Holdings Inc	-	12
	Loans to Holding company/Subsidiaries/Fellow Subsidiaries:		
	Capco Consulting Singapore Pte Ltd	1,114	1,337
	Capco Consultancy (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	1,114	
		-	1,087
	Capco Poland Sp. z.o.o.	-	1,008
	The Capital Markets Company (UK) Ltd	-	5,040
	The Capital Markets Company Limited (Hong Kong)	2,600	4,859
	Capco Consultancy (Thailand) Ltd	-	9
	Capco Greece Single Member Private Company	-	222
	Grove Holdings 2 S.a.r.l.	190	150
	Capco Solution Services Gmbh	-	477
	The Capital Market Co Italy SL	900	1,053

#### 30 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker regularly monitors and reviews the operating result of the whole Company as one segment i.e. IT Services. All the customers are in Europe i.e. only one geographical segment. Thus, as defined in Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", the Company's entire business falls under this one operational segment and one gerographical segment, hence no separate disclosure for segment reporting has been made as the necessary information is already available in the financial statements.

# The Capital Markets Company BV Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in  $\dot{\,}000$  EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

## 31 Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financial liabilities

	Borrowing
Debt as at April 01, 2024	14,992
Addition during the year	1,861
Cash flows including interest paid	
- Repayment of borrowings / lease payment	(12,370)
- Interest paid	(354)
Non-cash changes	
- Interest expense	1,418
Debt as at March 31, 2025	5,547
	Borrowing
Debt as at April 01, 2023	14,204
Addition during the year	1,763
Cash flows including interest paid	
- Repayment of borrowings	(975)
Debt as at March 31, 2024	14,992

## The Capital Markets Company BV Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 32 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, other current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Interest rate risk primarily arises from floating rate borrowing, including various revolving and other lines of credit.

Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable.

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company does not forsee such a risk as its current assets (excluding intercompany balance) are greater than its current liability (excluding intercompany balance).

#### Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost on a recurring basis:

	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Trade receivables	1,315	7,155
Unbilled receivables	508	720
Dividend recievable	-	34,790
Cash and cash equivalents	38,775	2,178
Other financial assets	4,389	4,657
Loans	4,804	15,242
Total	49,791	64,742
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Trade payables	561	199
Borrowings	4,483	14,992
Other financial liabilities	13,989	24,676
Lease liabilities	764	467
Other liabilities	-	
Total	19,797	40,334

#### Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 33 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company is exposed to various financial risks. These risks are categorized into market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management is coordinated by the Board of Directors and focuses on securing long term and short term cash flows. The Company does not engage in trading of financial assets for speculative purposes.

#### (A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's debt obligations with floating interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

#### (ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency).

#### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Company's receivables from deposits with landlords and other statutory deposits with regulatory agencies and also arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. There is no significant concentration of credit risk.

#### Major Customer

Revenue from one customer of the company towards Time and Material revenue represents approximately EURO 2,706 (31 March 2024 EURO 3,859) of the company's total Revenue.

The Company limits its exposure to credit risk of cash held with banks by dealing with highly rated banks and institutions and retaining sufficient balances in bank accounts required to meet a month's operational costs. The Management reviews the bank accounts on regular basis and fund drawdowns are planned to ensure that there is minimal surplus cash in bank accounts. The Company does a proper financial and credibility check on the landlords before taking any property on lease and hasn't had a single instance of non-refund of security deposit on vacating the leased property. The Company also in some cases ensure that the notice period rentals are adjusted against the security deposits and only differential, if any, is paid out thereby further mitigating the non-realization risk. The Company does not foresee any credit risks on deposits with regulatory authorities.

#### (C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. (For example: The key liquidity risk the Company can face is the risk of subscription fee refund. As per the Company policy, no refunds are allowed once a subscription has been taken and it is only in exceptional cases that fee is refunded with proper approvals from senior Management. The Management believes that the probability of a liquidity risk arising due to fee refund is not there.)

 $The \ table \ below \ summarizes \ the \ maturity \ profile \ of \ the \ Company's \ financial \ liabilities \ based \ on \ undiscounted \ contractual \ payments:$ 

31-Mar-25	0 to 1 years	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
Borrowings	4,483		
Lease liabilities	256	555	-
Trade payables	561	-	-
Other financial liabilities	15,053	-	-
	20,353	555	-
<u>31-Mar-24</u>	0 to 1 years	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
31-Mar-24 Borrowings	0 to 1 years 14,992	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
		1 to 5 years - 348	More than 5 years - -
Borrowings	14,992		More than 5 years
Borrowings Lease liabilities	14,992 119		More than 5 years

## The Capital Markets Company BV Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

(Amount in '000 EUR, except share and per share data, unless otherwise specified)

#### 34 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, convertible preference shares, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has not distributed any dividend to its shareholders. The Company monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of non-current borrowing which represents liability component of Convertible Preference Shares and current borrowing from ultimate holding company of the Company. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

		As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Equity share capital		2,020	2,020
Other equity		87,863	61,149
Total equity	(i)	89,883	63,169
Borrowings		5,247	15,459
Total debt	(ii)	5,247	15,459
Overall financing	(iii) = (i) + (ii)	95,129	78,628
Gearing ratio	(ii)/ (iii)	0.06	0.20

<sup>35</sup> The Company does not have the contingent liability and commitments as at 31 March 2025. However, the Company may be subject to litigations in the ordinary course of business. The management has assessed these incidents and believe that there will be no material or adverse impact to the financial position of the Company on account of any such matter.

As per our report of even date for B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of The Capital Markets Company BV

Sd/-Arun Kumar Singh

Partner

Membership No: 414254

Place: Bengaluru Date: 11 June 2025 Sd/-Marcel Du Bois Director Sd/-Benjamin Simon Director

Place: Belgium Date: 11 June 2025 Place: New York Date: 11 June 2025