AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Board of Directors of Topcoder LLC (formerly known as Topcoder Inc.) Report on the Special Purpose Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying special purpose standalone financial statements of Topcoder LLC (formerly known as Topcoder Inc.) (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March, 2018, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. The special purpose standalone financial statements have been prepared by the management in accordance with Note 2 (ii) on the basis of the preparation to the special purpose standalone financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these special purpose standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with basis described in Note 2 (ii) of the special purpose standalone financial statements.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the special purpose standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these special purpose standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SA) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special purpose standalone financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the special purpose standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the special purpose standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the special purpose standalone

financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the special purpose standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the special purpose standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid special purpose standalone financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the basis of presentation referred to in Note 2 (ii) to the special purpose standalone financial statements, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March, 2018, and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 (ii) to the special purpose standalone financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. As a result, the special purpose standalone financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 117366W/W-100018)

Bengaluru June 8, 2018 Sd/-Vikas Bagaria Partner Membership No.: 60408

Sensitivity: Internal & Restricted

TOPCODER, LLC (Formerly known as Topcoder, Inc.)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2018

(Amount in \$, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	469,311	414,590
Total current assets	_	469,311	414,590
TOTAL ASSETS		469,311	414,590
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	7	17,508,740	17,508,740
Other equity		(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)
Total Equity		(544,633)	(544,633)
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	8	1,013,944	959,223
Total current liabilities		1,013,944	959,223
Total Liablities	_	1,013,944	959,223
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		469,311	414,590

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this financial statement

In terms of our report attached

for DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 117366W/W-100018

Sd/-

Vikas Bagaria

Partner

Membership No.: 60408

Place: Bengaluru Date: June 08, 2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Ashish Chawla

Director

Sd/-

Hiral Chandrana

Director

TOPCODER, LLC (Formerly known as Topcoder, Inc.) STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

(Amount is \$, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the Year Ended March 31, 2018	For the Period 23-Nov-16 to 31-Mar-17
REVENUE			
Total Revenue		7	
EXPENSES			
Total Expenses			-
Loss before tax		-	-
Tax expense			
Tax tax expense		-	-
Profit for the period		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income			·
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the period, net of tax			-
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-
Earnings per equity share			
Basic		•	-
Diluted		•	-
The accompanying notes form an integral part of this financial st	atément		
In terms of our report attached			
for DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP	For and or	ı behalf of the Board of Dire	ctors
Chartered Accountants			
Firm's Registration No.: 117366W/W-100018			
Sd/-	Sd/-		Sd/-
Vikas Bagaria	Ashish Ch	awla	Hiral Chandrana
Partner	Director	-	Director
Membership No.: 60408			

Place: Bengaluru Date: June 08, 2018

TOPCODER, LLC (Formerly known as Topcoder, Inc.) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018

(Amount in \$, unless otherwise stated)

	For the Year Ended 31st March, 2018	For the Period 23-Nov-16 to 31-Mar-17
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit/(Loss) for the period	-	-
Other payables	54,721	414,590
Cash generated from operating activities before taxes	54,721	414,590
Income taxes paid, net	-	÷
Net cash generated from operating activities	54,721	414,590
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash used in investing activities before taxes	-	_
Net cash used in investing activities		
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net cash generated in financing activities		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the period	54,721	414,590
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	414,590	, · ·
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Note 6)	469,311	414,590

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this financial statement

In terms of our report attached

for DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 117366W/W-100018

Sd/-

Vikas Bagaria

Partner

Membership No.: 60408

Place: Bengaluru Date: June 08, 2018 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Ashish Chawla

Director

Sd/-

Hiral Chandrana

Director

TOPCODER, LLC (Formerly known as Topcoder, Inc.) STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amount in S, unless otherwise stated)

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

A. EQUITY SHAKE CAPITAL				
Balance as at April 1, 2017	Changes du	Changes during the Period	Balance as at March 31, 2018	
17,508,740		0	17,508,740	
Balance as at November 23, 2016	Changes du	Changes during the Period	Balance as at March 31, 2017	
17,508,740		0	17,508,740	
B. OTHER EQUITY				
			Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of	
***************************************	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	the Company	Total Other Equity
Balance as at April 01, 2017	17,508,740	(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)
Profit/(Loss) for the period		•	z	*
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	,	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
		1		1
Balance as at March 31, 2018	17,508,740	(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)
-de-states a communicati	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company	Total Other Equity
Balance as at November 23, 2016	17,508,740	(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)	(18,053,373)
Profit(Loss) for the period		•		
Total comprehensive income for the period	t	ţ		t
e en antario de la companya de la c	•	•	T .	1
Ralance as at March 31 2017	17 508 740	(19.043.373)	(ELE 230 81)	(19 053 373)
Language and the country and t	1,15005,140	(C) C(CC)(OT)	(5) 5:555(61)	(6) 6,660,61)
The accompanying notes form an integral part of t	this financial statement			
In terms of our report attached		A Section 19 Section 1		
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Firm's Registration No.: 117366W/W-100018				
Sd/:	-/PS		-/PS	
Vikas Bagaria Partner	Ashish Chawla Director		Hiral Chandrana Director	
Membership No.: 60408				
. Annuarici				

Sensitivity; Internal Restricted

Place: Bengaluru Date: June 08, 2018

(Amount in \$, unless otherwise stated)

1. The Company overview

Topcoder, LLC (the "Company"), incorporated in the state of Delaware, is a 100% subsidiary of Appirio Inc. (USA), is a leading global consultancy and provider of cloud-based services to business enterprises' Information Technology (IT) cloud solutions. The Company offers professional services and subscription Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) products on a Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) that help enterprises accelerate their adoption to cloud-based computing.

With effect from March 31, 2018, the name of the Company was changed from Topcoder, Inc. to Topcoder, LLC

The Company utilises its knowledge and partnerships with leading SaaS-based providers, such as Salesforce.com, Workday, Google and Cornerstone OnDemand to provide unique solutions to its customers' IT needs. The Company derives the majority of its revenues in the United States of America.

2. Basis of preparation of financial statement

(i) Going concern basis

As at March 31, 2018 the current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by USD 544,633. Excluding the amount repayable to its parent, Appirio Inc., for USD 1,013,944, the entity has total current assets of USD 469,311. The company plans to restart its operations. Appirio Inc., agrees to extend the repayment terms till the time, the entity generates operating cash flows and has the ability to repay the amount outstanding as on March 31, 2018.

(ii) Statement of Compliance and basis of preparation

The special purpose financial statements are prepared for inclusion in the annual report of the Ultimate Holding Company (Wipro limited) under the requirements of section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013. Since, the Company was acquired on November 23, 2016, the comparative financial information have been provided only for the period November 23, 2016 to March 31, 2017 for which the Company was subsidiary of Wipro Limited.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Companies Act"). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016

The financial statements correspond to the classification provisions contained in Ind AS 1, "Presentation of Financial statement". For clarity, various items are aggregated in the statement of profit & loss and other comprehensive income and balance sheet. These items are disaggregated separately in the notes to the financial statement, where applicable.

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which these entities operate (i.e. the "functional currency"). The functional currency of the company is US Dollar (USD). All amounts included in the financial statement is reported in USD including share and per share data, unless otherwise stated.

(iii) Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on an accrual basis. Accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(iv) Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statement is included in the following notes:

a) Income-taxes: The major-tax-jurisdictions for the Company-is-the United States of America. Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes including judgment on whether tax positions are probable of being sustained in tax assessments. A tax assessment can involve complex issues, which can only be resolved over extended time periods.

(Amount in S, unless otherwise stated)

3. Significant accounting policies

(i) Foreign currency transactions

a) Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currency are translated into the respective functional currencies using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from translation at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the statement of profit and loss and reported within foreign exchange gains/(losses), net within results of operating activities except when deferred in statement of other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges. Gains/(losses) relating to translation or settlement of borrowings denominated in foreign currency are reported within finance costs. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of transaction. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets measured at fair value at the reporting date, such as equities classified as FVTOCI are included in other comprehensive income, net of taxes.

(ii) Equity and share capital

a) Equity share capital

The authorized share capital of the Company as of March 31, 2018 is USD 17,508,740. PAr value of the equity shares is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of par value is classified as share premium.

b) Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises the Company's undistributed earnings after taxes.

c) Other reserves

Changes in the fair value of financial assets measured at FVTOCI, other than impairment loss, is recognized in other comprehensive income (net of taxes), and presented within equity in other reserves.

(iii) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset, if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Provisions for onerous contracts are recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the future obligations under the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of lower of the expected net cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract.

(iv) Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest cost on borrowings, impairment losses recognized on financial assets, gains/ (losses) on translation or settlement of foreign currency borrowings and changes in fair value and gains/ (losses) on settlement of related derivative instruments. Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to a qualifying asset are recognized in the statement of profit and loss using the effective interest method.

(v) Other income

Other income comprises interest income on loan given, gains/(losses) on disposal of financial assets that are measured at FVTPL, and debt instruments at FVTOCI. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

(vi) Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby net profit after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past-or-future cash-receipts or payments. The cash-flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

(Amount in \$, unless otherwise stated)

4. Fair Value Hierarchy

Financial assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, unbilled revenues, and other eligible current and non-current assets, long and short-term loans and borrowings, trade payable, eligible current liabilities and other non-current liabilities. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to the short-term nature of such assets and liabilities.

There are no financial assets or financial liabilities measured on fair value basis as at March 31, 2018. Accordingly, no fair value hierarchy disclosure has been included.

5. Financial Instruments

The significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expense are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in notes 2 and 3 to the financial statement

a. Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2018 is as follows:

	Fair value through profit & loss	Amortised Cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets:			·
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	469,311	469,311
Total	**************************************	469,311	469,311
Financial Liabilities:			
Other Financial Liabilities		1,013,944	1,013,944
Total	-	1,013,944	1,013,944

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Fair value through profit & loss	Amortised Cost	Total carrying value
Financial Assets:			THIND
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	414,590	414,590
Total		414,590	414,590
Financial Liabilities:			
Other Financial Liabilities	-	959,223	959,223
Total		959,223	959,223

b. Exposure to Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. There is no significant concentration of credit risk

c. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. Management monitors company's net liquidity position through rolling forecast on the basis of expected cash-flows.

d. Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

The fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates may have potential impact on the statement of comprehensive income and equity, where any transaction references more than one currency or where assets/liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity. There is no significant foreign currency risk, that the Company is exposed to.

e. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk primarily arises from floating rate borrowing which is based on the movement in LIBOR.

(Amount in \$, unless otherwise stated)

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2018 consists of balances with banks.

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Balances with banks		
- Current accounts		
	469,311	414,590
	469,311	414,590
7. Share Capital		
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Authorised Capital, Issued and Subscribed Capital	17,508,740	17,508,740
	17,508,740	17,508,740

(i) Reconciliation of number shares

There is no movement in the number of shares during the period ended March 31, 2018.

(ii) Details of shareholders having more than 5% of the total equity shares of the Company.

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Name of the Shareholder	% held	% held
Appirio Inc.	100	100

Rights, preferences and contingencies attached to the equity shares

The company has one class of equity shares. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets on the company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion of their shareholding.

8. Other Financial Liabilities

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
Current		
Other liabilities, (net)	1,013,944	959,223
	1,013,944	959,223

⁽¹⁾ The Company has inter-company payables of USD 4,161,772 (PY: USD 4,107,051) and inter-company receivables of USD 3,147,828 (PY: USD 3,147,828) from its parent co. which has been shown after netting-off in the financial statement.

(Amount in \$, unless otherwise stated)

9. Related Party Relationships, Transactions and Balances

i) The following are the entities with which the Company has related party transactions:

Name of the Party	Relationship with the Company
Appirio Inc.	Holding Company

ii) Balances with related parties as at March 31, 2018 are summarised below

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Payables:		
Appirio Inc.	(1,013,944)	(959,223)

10. Commitments and contingencies

Capital commitments: As at March 31, 2018, the company did not have material capital commitments. Contingencies: As at March 31, 2018, the company did not have material contingencies.

11. Segment reporting

The Company operates in one segment, namely sale of software services. In line with IND-AS 108, as the relevant information is available from balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss itself, and keeping in view the objective of segment reporting, the Company is not required to disclose segment information as per IND AS-108.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this financial statement

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

for DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 117366W/W-100018

Sd/-

Vikas Bagaria

Partner

Membership No.: 60408

Place: Bengaluru Date: June 08, 2018 Sd/-

Sd/-

Ashish Chawla

Hiral Chandrana

Director

Director