

Wipro (Dalian) Limited

Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Auditor's Report and Financial Statements
(For the Year Ended December 31, 2017)

	Table of Contents	Page
1.	Auditor's report	1-3
2.	Financial statements	
3	Statement of financial position	1-2
4	Statement of comprehensive income	3
5	Statement of cash flows	4
6	Statement of changes in equity	5-6
7	Notes to the financial statements	1-22

Auditor's Report

PCPAR (2018) No.ZA40899

To Wipro (Dalian) Limited,

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Wipro (Dalian) Limited (hereafter referred to as “the Company”), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity for the reporting year then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Chinese Certified Public Accountants Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Chinese Certified Public Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls necessary to permit the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Shu Lun Pan Certified Public Accountants LLP

Certified Public Accountant of China

Sd/-

Lin zhen

Li ke

Shanghai, China

Date: 24 May, 2018

This Auditor's report and the accompanying notes to the financial statements are English translation of the Chinese Auditor's report. In case of doubt as to the presentation of these documents, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Statement of Financial Position
As at December 31, 2017

(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

Assets	Notes	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	5.1	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss		-	-
Derivative financial assets		-	-
Notes receivable		-	-
Accounts receivable	5.2	23,311,452.38	10,827,146.12
Advances to suppliers	5.3	2,782,071.15	328,123.63
Interest receivable		-	-
Dividends receivable		-	-
Other receivables	5.4	2,117,166.92	821,480.53
Inventories		-	-
Assets held for sale		-	-
Non-current assets maturing within one year		-	-
Other current assets	5.5	4,078,552.11	3,910,072.20
Total current assets		50,912,109.85	37,536,071.14
Non-current assets:			
Available-for-sale financial assets		-	-
Held-to-maturity investments		-	-
Long-term receivables		-	-
Long-term equity investments		-	-
Investment properties		-	-
Fixed assets	5.6	15,489,116.00	17,144,878.00
Construction in progress		-	-
Project materials		-	-
Disposal of fixed assets		-	-
Productive biological assets		-	-
Oil and natural gas assets		-	-
Intangible assets		-	-
Development costs		-	-
Goodwill		-	-
Long-term deferred expenses		-	-
Deferred tax assets		-	-
Other non-current assets		-	-
Total non-current assets		15,489,116.00	17,144,878.00
Total assets		66,401,225.85	54,680,949.14

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal Representative: Sd/- Chief Accountant: Sd/- Accountant in Charge: Sd/-
Manoj Nagpaul Venkatesh Bhat Venkatesh Bha

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Statement of Financial Position (Continued)
As at December 31, 2017

(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

Liabilities and owners' equity	Notes	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Current liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings		-	-
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss		-	-
Derivative financial liabilities		-	-
Notes payable		-	-
Accounts payable	5.7	503,348.27	4,793,194.08
Advances from customers		-	-
Employee benefits payable	5.8	2,027,425.14	908,196.73
Taxes and surcharges payable	5.9	-	35,628.97
Interest payable		-	-
Dividends payable		-	-
Other payables	5.10	19,848,351.49	26,352,749.27
Liabilities held for sale		-	-
Non-current liabilities maturing within one year		-	-
Other current liabilities		-	-
Total current liabilities		22,379,124.90	32,089,769.05
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term borrowings		-	-
Bonds payable		-	-
Including: Preference shares		-	-
Perpetual debts		-	-
Long-term payables		-	-
Long-term employee benefits payable		-	-
Specific items payable		-	-
Provisions		-	-
Deferred income		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		-	-
Other non-current liabilities		-	-
Total non-current liabilities			
Total liabilities		22,379,124.90	32,089,769.05
Owners' equity:			
Paid-in capital	5.11	52,755,750.00	26,403,750.00
Other equity instruments		-	-
Including: Preference shares		-	-
Perpetual debts		-	-
Capital reserves		-	-
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Specific reserves		-	-
Surplus reserves		-	-
General risk reserves		-	-
Retained profit	5.12	-8,733,649.05	-3,812,569.91
Total owners' equity		44,022,100.95	22,591,180.09
Total liabilities and owners' equity		66,401,225.85	54,680,949.14

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal Representative: Sd/- Chief Accountant: Sd/- Accountant in Charge: Sd/-
Manoj Nagpaul Venkatesh Bhat Venkatesh Bhat

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

Items	Notes	2017	2016
1. Revenue from operations	5.13	58,414,647.92	29,014,379.87
Less: Cost of operations	5.13	43,867,944.88	22,917,639.69
Taxes and surcharges	5.14	13,453.56	35,628.97
Selling and distribution expenses		-	-
General and administrative expenses		19,105,966.76	10,876,662.14
Financial expenses	5.15	586,361.86	-1,002,981.02
Impairment of assets		-	-
Plus: Gain on changes in fair value ("-" for loss)		-	-
Investment income ("-" for loss)		-	-
Including: Investment income from associates and joint ventures		-	-
Gain on disposal of assets ("-" for loss)		-	-
Other income		-	-
2. Profit from operations ("-" for loss)		-5,159,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Plus: Non-operating income	5.16	238,000.00	-
Less: Non-operating expenses		-	-
3. Profit before tax ("-" for loss)		-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Less: Income tax expenses	5.17	-	-
4. Net profit ("-" for loss)		-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Gain or loss from continued operations		-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Gain or loss from discontinued operations		-	-
5. Other comprehensive income net of tax			
(1) Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified as profit or loss			
(i) Movements arising from remeasurements of net liabilities or assets of the defined benefit plan		-	-
(ii) Shares of other comprehensive income not to be reclassified as profit or loss in the investee under the equity method		-	-
(2) Other comprehensive income to be reclassified as profit or loss			
(i) Shares of other comprehensive income to be reclassified as profit or loss in the investee under the equity method		-	-
(ii) Gain on changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets ("-" for loss)		-	-
(iii) Held-to-maturity investments reclassified as gain on available-for-sale financial assets ("-" for loss)		-	-
(iv) Effective gain on hedged cash flows ("-" for loss)		-	-
(v) Differences arising from the translation of foreign currency financial statements		-	-
(vi) Others		-	-
6. Total comprehensive income		-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal Representative: Sd/- Chief Accountant: Sd/- Accountant in Charge: Sd/-
Manoj Nagpaul Venkatesh Bhat Venkatesh Bhat

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

Items	Notes	2017	2016
1. Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from the sale of goods and the rendering of services		44,416,761.92	18,137,968.77
Cash receipts of tax refunds		-	-
Other cash receipts relating to operating activities		363,672.25	23,391,483.30
Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities		44,780,434.17	41,529,452.07
Cash payments for goods purchased and services received		5,123,780.31	22,349,102.39
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees		43,895,029.69	1,604,679.07
Cash payments of all types of taxes and surcharges		49,082.53	-
Other cash payments relating to operating activities		18,280,911.43	1,395,699.79
Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities		67,348,803.96	25,349,481.25
Net cash flows from operating activities	5.18	-22,568,369.79	16,179,970.82
2. Cash flows from investing activities			
Cash receipts from disposal and redemption of investments		-	-
Cash receipts from returns on investments		-	-
Net cash receipts from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		-	-
Net cash receipts from disposal of subsidiaries and other business units		-	-
Other cash receipts relating to investing activities		-	-
Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities			
Cash payments to purchase or construct fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		6,107,340.59	21,923,779.17
Cash payments to acquire investments		-	-
Net cash payments for acquisitions of subsidiaries and other business units		-	-
Other cash payments relating to investing activities		-	-
Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities		6,107,340.59	21,923,779.17
Net cash flows from investing activities		-6,107,340.59	-21,923,779.17
3. Cash flows from financing activities			
Cash receipts from investments		26,352,000.00	26,403,750.00
Cash receipts from absorption of borrowings		-	-
Cash receipts from issuance of bonds		-	-
Other cash receipts relating to financing activities		-	-
Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities		26,352,000.00	26,403,750.00
Cash repayments of borrowings		-	-
Cash payments for distribution of dividends, profits, or interest expenses		-	-
Other cash payments relating to financing activities		-	-
Sub-total of cash outflows from financing activities			
Net cash flows from financing activities		26,352,000.00	26,403,750.00
4. Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-702,670.99	989,307.01
5. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5.18	-3,026,381.37	21,649,248.66
Plus: Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents		21,649,248.66	-
6. Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	5.18	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal Representative: Sd/- Chief Accountant: Sd/- Accountant in Charge: Sd/-

Manoj Nagpaul

Venkatesh Bhat

Venkatesh Bhat

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

Items	2017										
	Paid-in capital	Other equity instruments			Capital reserves	Other comprehensive income	Specific reserves	Surplus reserves	General risk reserves	Retained profit	Total owners' equity
		Preference shares	Perpetual debts	Others							
1. Balance as at December 31, 2016	26,403,750.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-3,812,569.91	22,591,180.09
Plus: Adjustments for changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments for correction of accounting errors in prior periods	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Balance as at January 1, 2017	26,403,750.00									-3,812,569.91	22,591,180.09
3. Increase in 2017 ("-" for decrease)	26,352,000.00									-4,921,079.14	21,430,920.86
(1) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-4,921,079.14	-4,921,079.14
(2) Capital contributions or withdrawals by owners	26,352,000.00										26,352,000.00
(i) Capital contributions by owners	26,352,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,352,000.00
(ii) Capital contributions by other equity instrument holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Share-based payments charged into owners' equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(3) Profit distribution											
(i) Appropriation for surplus reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Appropriation for general risk reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Profit distribution to owners (or shareholders)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(4) Internal transfer of owners' equity											
(i) Transfer of capital reserves into paid-in capital (or share capital)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Transfer of surplus reserves into paid-in capital (or share capital)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Surplus reserve covering losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(5) Special reserves											
(i) Appropriation during the current period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Consumption during the current period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(6) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Balance as at December 31, 2017	52,755,750.00									-8,733,649.05	44,022,100.95

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal Representative: Sd/- Chief Accountant: Sd/- Accountant in Charge

: Sd/-Manoj Nagpaul

Venkatesh Bhat

Venkatesh Bhat

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

Items	2016										
	Paid-in capital	Other equity instruments			Capital reserves	Other comprehensive income	Specific reserves	Surplus reserves	General risk reserves	Retained profit	Total owners' equity
		Preference shares	Perpetual debts	Others							
1. Balance as at December 31, 2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plus: Adjustments for changes in accounting policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments for correction of accounting errors in prior periods	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Balance as at January 1, 2016											
3. Increase in 2016 ("+" for increase)	26,403,750.00									-3,812,569.91	22,591,180.09
(1) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-3,812,569.91	-3,812,569.91
(2) Capital contributions or withdrawals by owners	26,403,750.00										26,403,750.00
(i) Capital contributions by owners	26,403,750.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,403,750.00
(ii) Capital contributions by other equity instrument holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Share-based payments charged into owners' equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(3) Profit distribution											
(i) Appropriation for surplus reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Appropriation for general risk reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Profit distribution to owners (or shareholders)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(4) Internal transfer of owners' equity											
(i) Transfer of capital reserves into paid-in capital (or share capital)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Transfer of surplus reserves into paid-in capital (or share capital)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Surplus reserve covering losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(5) Special reserves											
(i) Appropriation during the current period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Consumption during the current period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(6) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Balance as at December 31, 2016	26,403,750.00									-3,812,569.91	22,591,180.09

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Legal Representative: Sd/-
Manoj Nagpaul

Chief Accountant: Sd/-
Venkatesh Bhat

Accountant in Charge:Sd/-
Venkatesh Bhat

Wipro (Dalian) Limited
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

(All the amounts are denominated in CNY unless otherwise stated.)

1. Company profile

Wipro (Dalian) Limited (“the Company”), invested by Wipro Networks Pte. Limited, is a foreign sole proprietorship limited liability company approved to be established in Dalian province on December 2015.

Its uniform social credit code No. is 91210200MA0QCU0E25.

As of December 31, 2017, its registered capital is USD 8,000,000.00. The Company is located in the ecological science and technology innovation city of Ganjingzi District, Dalian, Liaoning Province, spring idyllic D7.

The Company’s parent company is Wipro Networks Pte. Limited and its ultimate controller is Manoj Nagpaul.

The Company is mainly engaged in Computer software development, sales, technical consulting and service; system integration design, debugging and maintenance; sales and installation and maintenance of computer hardware and related equipment; air ticket booking and cancellation of business data processing services; through voice and Internet media in customer contact information input, processing, consultation and support services to; forms of service outsourcing in Dalian to carry out offshore call center operations; information technology, enterprise management, logistics management and financial management consulting and outsourcing services; import and export business (excluding import distribution).

2. Basis of preparation for financial statements

2.1 Basis of preparation for financial statements

The Company recognizes and measures its accounting items on a going concern basis in compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises – Basic Standards and specific accounting standards, the Application Guidance on the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, the Explanation on the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and other relevant regulations published by the Ministry of Finance (all of which known as “the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises”) on the basis of actual transactions and events, and prepares its financial statements on the above basis.

2.2 Going concern

The Company is able to continue to operate as a going concern for foreseeable future, and there are no significant events affecting its ability to continue as a going concern.

3. Principal accounting policies and accounting estimates

3.1 Statement on compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

The financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

3.2 Accounting year

The accounting year is from January 1 to December 31.

3.3 Accounting cycle

The Company's accounting cycle is 12 months.

3.4 Functional currency

The Company adopts CNY as the functional currency.

3.5 Recognition criteria of cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flows, the term "cash equivalents" refers to short-term (maturing within three months on acquisition) and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.6 Accounting for foreign currency transactions

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated into RMB at exchange rates at the transaction dates. At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into RMB at that date. Exchange differences arising from these translations are expensed.

Contributions to paid-in capital made in foreign currencies are translated into the RMB denominated paid-in capital account at the stipulated exchange rates at the date of contribution.

3.7 Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments.

3.7.1 Recognition and measurement of financial instruments

ReceivablesThe debtors arising from selling goods or rendering services by the Company and other debtors from other enterprises held by the Company (excluding liability instruments quoted in an active market), including accounts receivable, other receivables, etc., are initially recognized at the contract or agreement price. If the receivable is financing in nature, it shall be initially recognized at present value.

Differences between the amounts received and book value of the receivables are charged to profit or loss for the current period upon collection or disposal.

3.8 Allowance for bad debts of receivables

Separate impairment tests are performed on the individually material receivables. For individually immaterial receivables, they are tested for impairment separately or as part of a portfolio with similar credit risk features. Receivables with no indication of impairment as the result of the separate impairment test (including both individually material and immaterial receivables) are tested for impairment as part of a portfolio with similar credit risk features. Receivables written down as the result of the separate impairment test are not tested for impairment again as part of a portfolio with similar credit risk features.

Among which, allowance for bad debts made by aging analysis:

Aging	Proportion of allowance for bad debts of accounts receivable (%)
Within 180 days	0.00
181 to 360 days	35.00
Over 360 days	100.00

3.9 Fixed assets

3.9.1 Recognition of fixed assets

Fixed assets refer to tangible assets held for the purpose of providing services, renting or business management with useful lives exceeding one accounting year. Fixed assets are recognized when all the following criteria are satisfied:

- i) It is probable that the economic benefits relating to the fixed assets will flow into the Company; and
- ii) The costs of the fixed assets can be measured reliably.

3.9.2 Depreciation methods of fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on a category basis using the straight-line method. The depreciation rates are determined according to the categories, estimated useful lives and estimated net residual rates of fixed assets. If the useful lives of various categories of fixed assets are different, or economic benefits are generated from various fixed assets in different ways, then different depreciation rates or methods shall be selected by the Company for the fixed assets.

The estimated depreciation methods, depreciation periods, residual rates and annual depreciation rates of fixed assets are listed by their respective categories as follows:

Categories	Depreciation methods	Depreciation periods (years)	Residual rates (%)	Annual depreciation rates (%)
Computer & Equipments	straight-line method	2-4	0.00	24.75-49.50
Office equipment	straight-line method	5-21	0.00	4.71-19.80
Furniture and renovation	straight-line method	5	0.00	19.80

3.10 Employee benefits

3.10.1 Accounting for short-term benefits

The short-term benefits incurred during the period when the employees render services to the Company shall be recognized as liabilities and charged to profit or loss for the current period or costs of relevant assets.

Social insurance fees and housing provident funds paid by the Company for the employees, as well as labor union fees and labor education fees accrued during the period when the employees render services to the Company shall be recognized as employee benefits payable according to the stipulated basis of calculation and proportion.

The employee welfare expenditure in the form of benefits in kind shall be measured at fair value.

According to regulations, insurances and accumulation fund paid to labour and social insurance institutions are based on accrued payroll and can't excess certain limited. The rates for insurances and accumulated fund are as follow:

Type	Rate
Basic retirement insurance	18%
Basic hospitalization insurance	8.00%
Unemployment insurance	0.50%
Maternity insurance	1.20%
Accidental insurance	0.40%
Basic housing accumulated fund	12%

3.10.2 Accounting for post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Company participates in the basic pension schemes and unemployment insurance programs as required by the local government. The Company calculates the amount payable according to the base and proportion of payment stipulated by the local government and recognizes the amount payable as liabilities, and charges it to profit or loss for the current period or includes it in costs of relevant assets.

3.10.3 Accounting for termination benefits

If the Company has no right to revoke plans or offer for termination of the employment relationship or the Company recognizes the cost or expenditure relevant to restructuring involving termination benefits, whichever is earlier, the termination benefits shall be recognized as provisions and charged to profit or loss for the current period.

3.11 Revenue

General principles for recognition of revenue from provide services:

Starting and completing in the same accounting year, the income is confirmed when the service is completed. If the start and completion of the labor service belong to different accounting years, if the result of the labor transaction can be reliably estimated, the relevant

labor income will be recognized on the balance sheet date according to the percentage of completion. As a service transaction results can not reliably estimated, the labor cost can be compensated by the compensation amount, to confirm the income, have been labor costs as incurred; if have labor costs can not be compensated by the labor cost has occurred as expense, no revenue.

3.12 Government grants

3.12.1 Classification

Government grants refer to the monetary or non-monetary assets obtained by the Company from the government for free. Government grants are classified into government grants relating to assets and government grants relating to income.

Government grants relating to assets are those acquired by the Company for the purpose of purchasing, constructing or forming long-term assets in other ways, including fiscal grants for purchase of fixed assets or intangible assets, and subsidized interest for specific loans relating to fixed assets. Government grants relating to income are grants other than those relating to assets.

3.12.2 Accounting treatments

For government grants relating to assets, the carrying amounts of relevant assets shall be reversed, or they are recognized as deferred income and amortized over the useful lives of assets and charged to profit or loss for the current period by stage (those relevant to the normal operations are recognized as other income and those not are recognized as non-operating income).

Government grants relating to income to compensate future expenses or losses shall be recognized as deferred income and shall be charged to profit or loss for the current period (those relevant to the normal operations are recognized as other income and those not are recognized as non-operating income) during the period when the relevant expenses or losses are recognized, or the relevant expenses or losses shall be reversed. The government grants relating to income to compensate incurred expenses or losses shall be directly recognized as profit or loss for the current period (those relevant to the normal operations are recognized as other income and those not are recognized as non-operating income), or the relevant expenses or losses shall be reversed.

3.13 Leases

3.13.1 Accounting treatments for operating leases

- i) The lease payments for assets acquired under operating leases should be recognized as expenses of the current period over the lease terms (including rent-free periods) on a straight-line basis. Initial direct costs relating to lease transactions incurred by the Company shall be recognized as expenses of the current period.

If expenses relating to lease which should be borne by the Company are paid by the lessor of the assets, they shall be deducted from the total lease expenses and the balances shall be amortized over the lease terms and charged to expenses of the current period.

- ii) Lease income from assets surrendered under operating leases should be recognized over the lease terms (including rent-free periods) on a straight-line basis. Initial direct costs relating to lease transactions incurred by the Company shall be recognized as expenses of the current period; if the amounts are material, they shall be capitalized and amortized over the lease terms on the same basis as the recognition of lease income.

If expenses relating to leases which should be borne by the lessee of the assets are paid by the Company, they shall be deducted from the total lease income and the balances shall be amortized over the lease terms by the Company.

3.13.2 Accounting treatments for finance leases

- i) Assets acquired under finance leases: At commencement of the lease terms, assets acquired under finance leases should be recorded at the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The Company shall recognize long-term payables at amounts equal to the minimum lease payments, and shall record the differences between carrying amounts of the leased assets and the long-term payables as unrecognized finance charges. The Company adopts the effective interest rate method. The unrecognized finance charges shall be amortized over the lease terms as finance expenses. Initial direct costs incurred by the Company shall be included in the costs of leased assets.
- ii) Assets surrendered under finance leases: At commencement of the lease terms, the Company shall recognize the differences between the undiscounted rents receivable plus unguaranteed residual value and their present value as unrealized finance income, and shall amortize it over the lease terms as lease income. Initial direct costs relating to lease transactions incurred by the Company shall be included in the initial measurement of the rents receivable and the lease income recognized over the lease terms shall be reduced accordingly.

3.14 Changes in major accounting policies and accounting estimates

3.14.1 Changes in major accounting policies

- 3.14.1.1 Implementation of “the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.42 –Non-current assets held for sale, disposal groups and discontinued operations”, “the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.16 – Government grants” and “the Notice on the Revision of the Format of the Financial Statements of General Enterprises for Issuance”.

The Ministry of Finance promulgated “the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.42 – Non-current assets held for sale, disposal groups and discontinued operations” in 2017, which took effect on May 28, 2017, requiring the prospective application method to be adopted for the accounting treatment of non-current assets held for sale, disposal groups and discontinued operations that existed on May 28, 2017.

The Ministry of Finance revised “the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No.16 – Government grants” in 2017, which took effect on June 12, 2017, requiring the prospective application method to be adopted for the accounting treatment of government grants that existed on January 1, 2017, and those arising between January 1, 2017 and June 12, 2017 shall be adjusted in accordance with the revised standard.

The Ministry of Finance has promulgated the Notice on the Revision of the Format of the Financial Statements of General Enterprises for Issuance in 2017, which revised the format of the financial statements of general enterprises and is applicable to the financial statements for 2017 and subsequent accounting periods.

Major impacts of the above three standards on the Company are summarized below:

Changes in accounting policies and their reasons	Affected accounting items and amounts
(1) Gain or loss from continued operations and discontinued operations are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income. Comparative data is adjusted accordingly.	Gain or loss from continued operations for the reporting period amounted to CNY -4,921,079.15

3.14.2 Changes in major accounting estimates

None.

4. Taxation

4.1 Major tax types and tax rates

Tax types	Basis of tax assessment	Tax rates
Value added tax (VAT)	Output VAT is calculated and paid on taxable revenue, and VAT is paid at the net amounts after deducting input VAT for the current period.	6%
Urban maintenance and construction tax	Urban maintenance and construction tax is calculated and paid on actually paid business tax, VAT and excise tax.	7%
Education surcharges	Urban maintenance and construction tax is calculated and paid on actually paid business tax, VAT and excise tax.	5%
Corporate income tax	Corporate income tax is calculated and paid on taxable profits.	15%

5. Notes to the main items of financial statements

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Cash on hand		
Cash at bank	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66
Other cash and cash equivalents		
Total	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66

Amounts denominated in foreign currencies are listed as follows:

Items	As at December 31, 2017			As at December 31, 2016		
	In foreign currency	Exchange rates	Equivalent to CNY	In foreign currency	Exchange rates	Equivalent to CNY
Cash at bank-USD	1,058,421.08	6.5113	6,891,675.66			
Total equivalent to CNY			6,891,675.66			

5.2 Accounts receivable

5.2.1 Aging analysis of accounts receivable

Aging	As at December 31, 2017					As at December 31, 2016				
	Carrying amounts		Allowance for bad debts		Net book value	Carrying amounts		Allowance for bad debts		Net book value
	Amounts	Proportion (%)	Amounts	Proportion (%)		Amounts	Proportion (%)	Amounts	Proportion (%)	
Within 180 days	23,311,452.38	100.00	-	-	23,311,452.38	10,827,146.12	100.00	-	-	10,827,146.12
181 - 360 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Over 361 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	23,311,452.38	100.00	-	-	23,311,452.38	10,827,146.12	100.00	-	-	10,827,146.12

5.3 Advances to suppliers

Aging	As at December 31, 2017		As at December 31, 2016	
	Amounts	Proportion (%)	Amounts	Proportion (%)
Within 1 year	2,782,071.15	100.00	328,123.63	100.00
Total	2,782,071.15	100.00	328,123.63	100.00

5.4 Other receivables

5.4.1 Aging analysis of other receivables

Aging	As at December 31, 2017					As at December 31, 2016				
	Carrying amounts		Allowance for bad debts		Net book value	Carrying amounts		Allowance for bad debts		Net book value
	Amounts	Proportion (%)	Amounts	Proportion (%)		Amounts	Proportion (%)	Amounts	Proportion (%)	
Within 1 year	1,332,702.28	62.95	-	-	1,332,702.28	821,480.53	100.00	-	-	821,480.53
1 to 2 years	784,464.64	37.05	-	-	784,464.64	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,117,166.92	100.00	-	-	2,117,166.92	821,480.53	100.00	-	-	821,480.53

5.4.2 Breakdown of other receivables

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Deposits	1,048,491.12	755,230.80
Due from employees	256,757.77	64,648.73
Due from related parties	810,464.23	
Others	1,453.80	1,601.00
Total	2,117,166.92	821,480.53

5.5 Other current assets

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Deductible input VAT	4,043,408.41	3,781,002.05
Advance tax	35,143.70	129,070.15
Total	4,078,552.11	3,910,072.20

5.6 Fixed assets

5.6.1 Breakdown of fixed assets

Items	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Computerand equipment	Total
1. Carrying amounts				
(1) As at December 31, 2016	5,816,821.10	6,880,839.00	9,228,869.81	21,926,529.91
(2) Increases	1,442,459.88	2,956,823.07	1,708,057.64	6,107,340.59
—Purchases	1,442,459.88	2,956,823.07	1,708,057.64	6,107,340.59
(3) Decreases				
(4) As at December 31, 2017	7,259,280.98	9,837,662.07	10,936,927.45	28,033,870.50
2. Accumulated depreciation				
(1) As at December 31, 2016	524,404.10	1,158,843.00	3,098,404.81	4,781,651.91
(2) Increases	1,231,446.88	1,455,898.07	5,075,757.64	7,763,102.59

Items	Office equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Computerand equipment	Total
—Accruals	1,231,446.88	1,455,898.07	5,075,757.64	7,763,102.59
(3) Decreases				
(4) As at December 31, 2017	1,755,850.98	2,614,741.07	8,174,162.45	12,544,754.50
3. Provision for impairment				
(1) As at December 31, 2016				
(2) Increases				
(3) Decreases				
(4) As at December 31, 2017				
4. Net book value				
(1) As at December 31, 2017	5,503,430.00	7,222,921.00	2,762,765.00	15,489,116.00
(2) As at December 31, 2016	5,292,417.00	5,721,996.00	6,130,465.00	17,144,878.00

5.7 Accounts payable

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Purchases of Service	503,348.27	4,793,194.08
Total	503,348.27	4,793,194.08

5.8 Employee benefits payable

5.8.1 Breakdown of employee benefits payable

Items	As at December 31, 2016	Accruals	Payments	As at December 31, 2017
Short-term benefits	908,196.73	43,542,023.22	42,422,794.81	2,027,425.14
Total	908,196.73	43,542,023.22	42,422,794.81	2,027,425.14

5.8.2 Breakdown of short-term benefits

Items	As at December 31, 2016	Accruals	Payments	As at December 31, 2017
(1) Salary, bonus, allowance and subsidies	908,196.73	35,133,514.82	34,014,286.41	2,027,425.14
(2) Employee welfare		798,467.08	798,467.08	
(3) Social security contributions		7,610,041.32	7,610,041.32	
Total	908,196.73	43,542,023.22	42,422,794.81	2,027,425.14

5.9 Taxes and surcharges payable

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Stamp duty		35,628.97
Total		35,628.97

5.10 Other payables

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Due to related parties	15,313,806.43	24,080,607.82
Housing rent	2,801,611.87	2,272,141.45
Purchase of equipment	451,143.00	
Others	1,281,790.19	
Total	19,848,351.49	26,352,749.27

5.11 Paid-in capital

Investees	As at December 31, 2016	Increases	Decreases	As at December 31, 2017
Wipro Networks Pte. Limited	26,403,750.00	26,352,000.00		52,755,750.00
Total	26,403,750.00	26,352,000.00		52,755,750.00

According to the provisions of shareholders and the company's articles of Association, the company decided to the increase in the registered capital of USD 4 million, as of December 31, 2017, the increase registered capital of \$4 million have been to all accounts, the company currently has a registered capital of USD 8 million, paid up capital of USD 8 million.

5.12 Retained profit

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Opening balances of retained profit	-3,812,569.91	
Plus: Net profit ("-" for loss)	-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Closing balances of retained profit	-8,733,649.05	-3,812,569.91

5.13 Revenue from operations and cost of operations

Items	2017		2016	
	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost
Major operations	58,414,647.92	43,867,944.88	29,014,379.87	22,917,639.69
Total	58,414,647.92	43,867,944.88	29,014,379.87	22,917,639.69

5.14 Taxes and surcharges

Items	2017	2016
Stamp duty	13,453.56	35,628.97
Total	13,453.56	35,628.97

5.15 Financial expenses

Items	2017	2016
Interest expense		
Less: Interest income	125,672.25	16,260.56
Exchange loss ("-" for gain)	702,670.99	-989,307.01
Others	9,363.12	2,586.55
Total	586,361.86	-1,002,981.02

5.16 Non-operating income

Items	2017	2016
Government grants irrelevant to daily business activities	238,000.00	
Total	238,000.00	

Government grants recognized as part of non-comprehensive income

Government grant items	2017	2016	Relating to assets/income
Training grants	238,000.00		Relating to income
Total	238,000.00		

5.17 Income tax expenses

5.17.1 Breakdown of income tax expenses

Items	2017	2016
Current income tax expense	-	-
Total	-	-

5.17.2 Reconciliation between income tax expenses and accounting profit

Items	2017	2016
Profit before tax	-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Tax computed at statutory (or applicable) tax rate	-1,230,269.79	-953,142.48
Effect of non-deductible costs, expenses and losses		1,371.27
Effect of deductible temporary differences or recoverable losses not recognized as deferred tax assets in the current period	437,993.68	436,418.41
Unidentified tax losses	792,276.11	515,352.80
Total income tax expense	-	-

5.18 Supplementary information of the statement of cash flows

5.18.1 Supplementary information of the statement of cash flows

Items	2017	2016
1. Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash flows in operating activities:		
Net profit	-4,921,079.14	-3,812,569.91
Plus: Provision for impairment of assets		
Depreciation of fixed assets, etc.	7,763,102.59	4,781,651.91
Amortization of intangible assets		
Amortization of long-term deferred expenses		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets ("-" for gain)		
Loss on scrap of fixed assets ("-" for gain)		
Loss on changes in fair value ("-" for gain)		
Financial expense ("-" for gain)	702,670.99	-989,307.01
Investment loss ("-" for gain)		
Decrease in deferred tax assets ("-" for increase)		
Increase in deferred tax liabilities ("-" for decrease)		
Decrease in inventories ("-" for increase)		
Decrease in operating receivables ("-" for increase)	-16,402,420.09	-15,889,573.22
Increase in operating payables ("-" for decrease)	-9,710,644.14	32,089,769.05
Others		
Net cash flows from operating activities	-22,568,369.79	16,179,970.82

Items	2017	2016
2. Significant investing and financing activities not involving cash receipts or payments		
Debt transferred into capital		
Convertible corporate bonds maturing within one year		
Fixed assets acquired under finance leases		
3. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at the end of the year		
Less: Cash at the beginning of the year		
Plus: Cash equivalents at the end of the year	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66
Less: Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	21,649,248.66	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-3,026,381.37	21,649,248.66

5.18.2 Breakdown of cash and cash equivalents

Items	2017	2016
1. Cash	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66
Including: Cash on hand		
Cash at bank readily available for payments	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66
2. Cash equivalents		
3. Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	18,622,867.29	21,649,248.66

6. Related parties and related party transactions

6.1 The parent of the Company

Parent company	Registered location	Shares held by the parent company (%)	Voting rights held by the parent company (%)
Wipro Networks Pte. Limited	Singapore	100.00	100.00

The ultimate controller of the Company is Wipro Limited.

6.2 Other related parties of the Company

Other related parties	Relationship with the Company
Wipro Limited	Ultimate holding company
Wipro (Shanghai) Limited	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
Wipro Travel Services Ltd	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company
WIPRO (CHENGDU) LIMITED	Controlled by the same ultimate holding company

6.3 Related party transactions

6.3.1 Sale of goods/provision of services and purchase of goods/receipt of services

Purchase of goods/receipt of services

Related parties	Description of transactions	2017	2016
Wipro Limited	Receipt of services	368,769.59	

Sale of goods/provision of services

Related parties	Description of transactions	2017	2016
Wipro Limited	Provide services	24,011,040.21	10,768,107.79
Wipro (Shanghai) Limited	Provide services	4,996,746.92	-
Wipro (Chengdu) Limited	Provide services	3,215,987.57	-

6.4 Receivables and payables with related parties

6.4.1 Receivables

Items	Related parties	As at December 31, 2017		As at December 31, 2016	
		Carrying amounts	Allowance for bad debts	Carrying amounts	Allowance for bad debts
Accounts receivable	Wipro (Chengdu) Limited	2,535,154.40	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	Wipro Limited	2,820,349	-	4,832,673.94	-
Other receivables	Wipro (Shanghai) Limited	421,433.25	-	-	-
Other receivables	Wipro Limited	389,030.98	-	-	-

6.4.2 Payables

Items	Related parties	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Other payables	Wipro Limited	379,893	12,563.29
Other payables	Wipro (Shanghai) Limited	14,933,913.87	24,068,044.53

7. Government grants

Government grants relating to income

Items	Amounts	Amounts charged into profit or loss for the current period or reversed the relevant costs, expenses and losses		Items charged into profit or loss for the current period or reversed the relevant costs, expenses and losses
		2017	2016	
Training grants	238,000.00	238,000.00		Relating to income

8. Commitments and contingencies

8.1 Significant commitments

8.1.1 Lease arrangements

According to lease contracts signed with the lessor, the minimum lease payments of the irrevocable lease contracts are listed below:

Items	As at December 31, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
Due in one year after the end of the reporting period	1,999,595.54	1,615,133.42
Due in two years after the end of the reporting period	2,000,052.07	1,999,595.54
Due in three years after the end of the reporting period	2,004,617.35	2,000,052.07
Due in subsequent years	9,836,823.07	11,841,440.41
Total	15,841,088.03	17,456,221.44

8.1.2 Other commitments

There is no other commitments that needs to be disclosed as of the report date.

8.2 Contingencies

There is no contingencies that needs to be disclosed as of the report date.

9. Subsequent events

There is no subsequent events that needs to be disclosed as of the report date.

10. Other significant events

There is no other significant events that needs to be disclosed as of the report date.

11. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 24 May, 2018.

*** End of the financial statements ***